	2ND GRADE						
	Common Core State Standards for Reading: Informational Text	Common Core Code					
Key Ideas and Details	1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.1					
•	2. Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.2					
	3. Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.3	Ct 116 1				
Craft and Structure	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.4	California			aken from the	
	5. Know and use various text features, (e.g. captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.5				Education Common ndards for ELA (pdf	
	6. Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.6	State Standards				
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	7. Explain how specific images (e.g. a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.7	English Language Arts & Literacy i	n	Note:		
	8. Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.8	History/Social Studies, Science, an	d	Only ""Reading: Informational Text,"" ""Writing,"" and ""Speaking and Listeni are included in this list because the FE		
	9. Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same image	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.9	Technical Subjects				
	Common Core State Standards for Writing	Common Core Code		lesson plans primarily overl standards.		ap with these	
	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linked words (e.g. because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.1			Literature, Foundational Skills, and Language have been excluded."		
	2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.2					
	3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.3					
Production and	4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.4					
Distribution of Writing	5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.5					
Research to Build	6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers 7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g. read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.6					
and Present Knowledge	observations)	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.7					
	8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.8					
	Common Core State Standards for <u>Speaking and Listening</u>	Common Core Code					
Comprehension and Collaboration	1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g. gaining the floor in respectful ways listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion) b. Build on others talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion 2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.1 2.1.A 2.1.B 2.1.C					
	3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen						
	understanding of a topic or issue	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.3					
Presentation of	4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.4					
Knowledge and Ideas	5. Add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts or experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.5					
	6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.6					
	Common Core State Standards for Language	Common Core Code					
Conventions of Standard English	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Beginner to use (e.g., group). Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish). Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves). Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told). Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified. Forduce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.1 2.1.A 2.1.B 2.1.C 2.1.D 2.1.E 2.1.F					
	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names. b. Use commas in greetings and closings of letters. c. Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives. d. Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage → badge; boy → boil). e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.2 2.2.A 2.2.B 2.2.C 2.2.D 2.2.E					
Knowledge of Language	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Compare formal and informal uses of English	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.3 2.3.A					
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing fl a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell). c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional). d. Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bo e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.	2.4.A 2.4.B 2.4.C					
	5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy). b. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurt) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, ski	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.5 2.5.A ini 2.5.B					
	6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives an						